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WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5. 1901-TWELVE PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

BRITISH

Portugal Menaced by Boer Command Under Blake.

UNEASY AT LORENZO MARQUES

De Wet and Botha Marching Into

Cape Colony.

ENGLISH NEED MORE TROOPS

LONDON. February 5.-It is reported in London that the Boers, commanded by Blake, are threatening Lorenzo Marques. and that Portugal has requested British assistance. It is further asserted that a British squadron has been ordered to Lorenzo Marques. No official confirmation of the report is obtainable.

Later it became known that the British foreign office had received semi-official confirmation of the report that the Boers were threatening to enter Lorenzo Marques, and that the local Portuguese authorities were asking for British assistance.

The foreign office has heard nothing of the developments of the last forty-eight

The Blake referred to in the London dispatch is probably John Y. Filmore Blake, who was in command of a regiment of Irish and American rough riders in the service of the Transvaal. Blake, who is an old West Pointer, first went to the Transvaal

DE WET MENACES CAPE COLONY. A Second Column Under Plet Botha

Marching Thither. LONDON, February 5.-The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, wiring Sunday, says:

"It appears that in the action between Gen. Knox and Gen. De Wet, near Senekal, the Kaffarian Rifles sustained about a hundred casualties. Mounted troops are still needed.

"Three Boer invading columns, of which Hertzog's was for a time the advance guard, are now moving toward the Orange river. It is believed that Piet Botha's force of 2,000 men, with seven guns, from Smith-

field, has crossed into the colony. "British concentration is proceeding. Outlying garrisons are being withdrawn for the purpose of securing the main lines. Gen. De Wet is expected to enter Cape Colony. Gen. Kitchener, in a aspatch from Pre-

toria, dated February 3, says:
"French's column, in driving the Boers east at Bristol, captured a fifteen-pounder, and picked up parts of a second gun dis-"The commandos in the colony are being hustled. The midland commando is being

Sixteen of them have recently been killed by our men."
The Pretoria correspondent of the Tims estimates tha, there are 19,000 Boers still on commando, and says that more British

troops are required. A dispatch from Sebastopol says that the four Boers who escaped from a British ship at Colombo, Ceylon, sought refuge on board the Russian vessel Kherson, whose

passengers received them enthusiastically

SCHOONER KRANZ IN DANGER.

Anchor Drags in Flerce Gale Inside Virginia Capes.

CAPE HENRY, Va., February 5 .- The schooner John F. Kranz of Boston, which anchored inside the capes yesterday, dragged her anchor during the northwest gale that sprang up during the night and now lies dangerously near shore, three miles inside the capes. Tugs from Norfolk and life savers from Cape Henry and Seatack stations have gone to her assistance. northwest wind, which was blowing forty-two miles an hour at 8 a.m., has dropped to thirty-five, and the vessel may hold on, although she is in danger of striking when the tide ebbs.

THE MCPHERSON ON A REEF. Government Transport Strikes West

of Matanzas, Cuba.

HAVANA, February 5. - The United States transport McPherson struck on a reef eight miles west of Matanzas in a fog yesterday morning while on her way from New York to Matanzas. She ran up on the reef about half her length. Her bow is four feet out of water, but there is plenty of water astern of the vessel. All the passengers were transferred in the ship's boats and the freight is being unloaded.

Mai. Baker has sent six tugs from Havana to assist in pulling the McPherson off the reef. Capt. Hall, superintendent of transportation, who is in charge of the vessel, says she is not leaking and is resuling easy. There is not much sea running, and there is no immediate danger unless a

The transport McPherson, August 2 last, Bahama group, with about 420 men and officers of the 5th Infantry on board. Sae was three miles out of her course and the night was squally. The soldiers were landed without any disorder or loss of life, and she was floated August 5 without sustaining any damage.

McPherson is one of the finest ships in the West India transport service. She was formerly the Netherlands-American liner Obdam, and for years was in the service between New York, Boulogne and Rotter-dam. She was built at Belfast, Ireland, in 1880, by Harland & Wolff, of steel. She is

MASONIC TEMPLE BURNS.

That at Toledo, Ohio, is a Total Loss.

TOLEDO, Ohio, February 5.-The Masonic Temple went up last night in flames. Total loss about \$150,000, of which \$50,000 is on the building. The temple contained the ledge rooms of the Ancient Scottish Rite, two chapters, two commanderies of Knights Templar, three Blue Lodges, the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, as well as the headquarters of the Northwestern Ohio Masonic Relief Association, and the rooms of the Masonic Club, the furnishings of the latter estimated at \$5,000.

The Masonic records, regalia and para-phernalia were all lost. Armstrong & Co.'s wholesale and retail grocery, on the ground floor; Miss Mauck's millinery establishment and one or two smaller shops on the ground floor were gutted. The loss is covered by insurance. The fire started at the base of elevator shaft and spread with great rapidity.

WARM WELCOME TO KAISER.

With King Edward He Reaches Lor don This Morning.

LONDON, February 5 .- Emperor William and King Edward arrived in London at 1:15 p.m. from Windsor, and drove in an open carriage to Mariborough House, followed by their suites. Emperor William every-where received the warmest welcome, and exhibited every sign of pleasure.

TWO DIE IN HOTEL FIRE AT THE WHITE HOUSE

THREE OTHERS FATALLY INJURED AT BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

Exposition Hotel in That City Totally Destroyed Early This

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., February 5 .- Two persons perished and three were fatally injured in a fire which totally destroyed the

Morning.

Exposition Hotel in this city today. The dead: Harry Severson, aged about thirty years, a musician, burned beyond recognition.

Sid Holland, aged thirty-nine, a horseman, suffocated. Fatally injured:

Tom Cook a racing man, burned about the head and body. John Regen, face, head and body fright-

fully burned and internally injured in jumping.

Dora Darrow, back broken by jumping from a third-story window.

The fire started about 3 o'clock, and as the hotel was situated quite a distance from the center of the city the flames gained

great headway before the arrival of the firemen. There were about twenty-five persons in the building, most of whom es-A number eaped from the second and third-story windows and a few of these were slightly hurt.

The body of Severson, partly dressed, was found on a bed by the firemen. Holland's body was lying on the floor near the w.n-dow in another room, and the position indicated that the man attempted to escape, but had lost his way in the dense smoke. The monetary loss on the building and erfects will amount to \$10,000.

STRIKE HAS LASTED A YEAR. **Building Operations in Chicago Still**

at a Standstill.

CHICAGO, February 5 .- Today is the anniversary of the calling of the big strike in the Chicago building trades, and the trouble is not settled. Nearly the entire building operations of the city have been kept at a standstill for a year. The terrorizing of the city by riots and assaults for a time was another feature which has left a vivid impression.

By the strike 30,000 men in the building industry were kept out of employment and 20,000 in the trades manufacturing building material. It is estimated that \$50,000,-000 in contracts for buildings and in plans in the architects' offices were held up for a year by the trouble.

OUTWITTED THE AUTHORITIES.

Fight Between Croake and Jackson Pulled Off in Illinois.

CHICAGO, February 5 .- Efforts to frustrate the plans of 500 sporting men for a prize fight in this state last night between Eddie Croake and "Young Peter" Jackson were futile. Gov. Yates, who was notified of their plans to bring off the bout at Belvidere, telephoned the sheriff and headed off the fight at that point. Then the sports they again encountered a sheriff, acting on orders from Gov. La Follette.

A special train on which the crowd had come from Chicago then put back to Gilberts, Kane county, a village without police other than a town marshal. In a small hall a ring was quickly formed and the fight proceeded. During the first seven rounds Croake showed up well, but failed to keep up the pace and was knocked out in the twelfth.

Regarding his attitude toward prize fights Gov. Yates said today:
"There will be no prize fight in the state

of Illinois while I am governor if it is in my power to prevent, and the law gives me the right to call out the entire military force to prevent the violation of the law."

ADAMS EXPRESS CAR ROBBERY. Colored Man Arrested in Philadelphia

as a Suspect. PHILADELPHIA, February 5.-A young colored man, whose name is withheld, is under arrest here on suspicion of complicity in the robbery of the Adams Express car on the Pennsylvania railroad "owl" train early Sunday morning.

The prisoner was taken into custody on the strength of a telegraphed description from Trenton, N. J., where the suspect is said to have sold to a newsboy on the station platform a woman's gold hunting case watch for 80 cents, and later purchased a ticket for this city. A gold watch similar to the one sold by the negro was secured by the train robbers.

BASE BALL PLAYERS SIGNED.

Milwankee Club, American League Takes in Former Members.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. MILWAUKEE, Wis., February 5 .- From private sources it is learned that the Milwaukee club of the American League has signed every player of last season's team except David Fultz. This includes Pitchers Reidy, Rettger, Sparks, Catchers Spier, Smith and one other. Anderson, first base: Gilbert, second base; Conroy, short; Burke, third base; Hallman, left field; Waldron, right field, and Duffy for manager and center field.

RUMORED RAILROAD DEAL.

Missouri Pacific Said to Have Secured

the C. and E. I. NEW YORK, February 5.-It was reported in Wall street today that the Missourl Pacific Railway Company had secured control of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad, Officials of the Missouri Pacific declined to confirm or deny the report. It is intimated in circles close to the manage-410 feet long, has 39 feet beam and is 28 ment, however, that it is not the Missouri Pacific which has taken the control, but the St. Louis Southwestern, which in turn is controlled by the Missouri Pacific. The Chicago and Eastern Illinois main line extends southerly from Chicago to Thebes, on the Mississippi river.

Mrs. T. C. Platt Has a Relapse

NEW YORK, February 5 .- Mrs. T. C. Platt, wife of Senator Platt, was reported at the Fifth Avenue Hotel as not so well today as she was yesterday, and there was some apprehension felt about her condi-

Robert F. Hill Hanged.

CAMDEN, N. J., February 5.-Robert F. Hill was hanged today in the county jail for the murder of his wife Edith. The execution was without incident. Hill showed no evidence of fear, and met death bravely. He was twenty-eight years old, and the wife whom he murdered was twenty-three years old.

Prof. E. E. Salisbury Dead. NEW HAVEN, Conn., February 5 .- Prof.

Edward Eldridge Salisbury, a quarter of a century ago an authority on Sanscrit and comparative philology in Yale College, died oday, in his eighty-seventh year. Death of Ex-Judge R. B. Todd.

NEW YORK, February 5.-Robert B. Todd, formerly justice of the supreme court of Louisiana, died last night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. S. B. Daniels, in Brook-President. The West Virginia offices that

Matters Considered at Today's Cabinet Session.

General Miles Made Lieut. Gen.-3 Major Generals and 12 Brigadiers.

OFFICERS NOMINATED

SOME OF TODAY'S CALLERS

The cabinet gave the greater part of its session teday to consideration of a long list of nominations the President had prepared for the Senate of high officers in he army. The cabinet was satisfied with he selections made by the President and

An unusual and notable course was pursued by the President with respect to the nemination of Maj. Gen. Nelson A. Miles to lieutenant general. The question of making the nomination was submitted to the cabinet and a ballot was taken upon it. It resulted in favor of the nomination and it was therefore sent to the Senate. No detailed statement of the result of the vote is obtainable.

the War Department.

The list included the following: To be lieutenant general-Major General

Nelson A. Miles. To be major generals-Brigadier General Samuel B. M. Young, U. S. A.; Col. Adna R. Chaffee, 8th Cavalry, U. S. A. (major general U. S. V.); Brigadier General Arthur MacArthur, U. S. A. (major general

Colonels to be brigadiers general-John C. Bates, 2d Infantry, U. S. A. (major general, U. S. V.); Col. Lloyd Wheaton, 7th Infantry, U. S. A. (major general, U. S. V.); George W. Davis, 23d Infantry (brigadier general, U. S. V.); Theodore Schwan, assistant adjutant general, U. S. A. (brigadier general, U. S. V.); Samuel S. Sumner, 6th Cavalry, U. S. A.; Leonard Wood, assistant surgeon, U. S. A. (major general, U. S. V.); Robert H. Hall, 4th Infantry,

ert P. Hughes, inspector general, U. S. A. Randall, 8th Infantry, U. S. V.); George M. Randall, 8th Infantry, U. S. A. (brigadier general, U. S. V.). Also Major William A. Kobbe, 3d Artilery, U. S. A. (brigadier general, U. S. V.);

Brigadier General Frederick D. Grant, U S. V.; Capt J. Franklin Bell, 7th Cavalry U. S. A. (brigadier general, U. S. V.). The President also nominated Samuel P. Bartlett of New Jersey to be collector of customs for the district of Little Egg Har-

Other Questions Discussed. The cabinet again discussed the question of the number of troops to be left in China, and a tentative conclusion was reached not to augment or decrease the force there for esent. Comfortable quarters are now being prepared, and, unless conditions change, the present force will remain dur-

ing the winter. question of an extra session is still in abeyance, but the opinion is expressed that in the event of Congress passing the Spooner bill an extra session may be avoided, especially as there seems to be some be adopted in time for action, even at an extra session if called soon after March 4. With the Spooner bill unacted upon by this Congress it is still thought an extra session is probable.

A Rush for Army Places.

The army nominations made late yesterday afternoon by the President had the effect of causing a rush of congressmen at the White House this morning. The President had only an hour for work before the cabinet met, but in that short time he saw many senators and representatives and either disposed of their requests or asked them to call again. The lists of army nominations are being made up rapidly at the War Department, and the commissions will be signed and the nominations go to the Senate almost without delay.

Among the callers, most of whom had army positions in view, were Senators Fairbanks, Beveridge, Proctor, Daniel and Bard. Representatives Curtis, Long. Voorhis, Landis, Crumpacker, Russell, Boston, Butler and Mercer. Representative Otey saw the President to ask the ap-pointment of Dr. R. W. Morgan of Lynchburg as a member of the board of dental surgeons provided in the army reorganization bill. The President said that the selec tion was not a presidential one, and refer red Mr. Otey to the War Department. It is understood that the surgeon general of the army will have charge of these appointments.

Invited to Arkansas.

Senator Jones and the Arkansas members of the House, with H. L. Remmel, chairman of the republican state central committee of Arkansas, called on the President in a body this morning to present him a formal and handsomely prepared invitation to visit Little Rock when he goes to the Pacific coast in May next. The invitation comes offically from the Arkansas legslature, the mayor and city council of Little Rock and various official and civil bodies. The legislature passed a joint resolution The members of the delegation personally assured the President that the "fat of the land" would be his if he would honor Ar-

cansas with a visit. "We will even give you 'possum and po tatoes," remarked Representative McCui-

The President expressed pleasure at rewould try to arrange his schedule so as to ceiving the invitation, and said that go by L'ttle Rock when he makes his west-

Representative Loud of California presented the President a formal invitation to stop at San Jose on the western tour. It is thought the President will spend a day at

Several Illinois Vacancies.

Senators Cullom and Mason were at the White House with J. R. Mills of Decatur, a

candidate for collector of internal revenue at Springfield, to fill the vacancy caused by the election of Mr. Yates as governor, and Mr. Worthington of Jacksonville, who wants to succeed the late Judge Allen on the federal bench. The President has sug-gested that Senators Mason and Cullom get together on these two places and reach an agreement that will save him having to decide the matter. It is said there is not much prospect of an agreement between the two senators. A Place for Joseph Flory.

Secretary Hitchcock and Representatives Joy, Pierce and Bartholdt of Missouri vis-

ited the President in company with Joseph Flory, recent republican candidate for governor of Missouri. Some kind of a good place in the government service is wanted for Mr. Flory, but the Missouri republican leaders have been unable to find one and thought the President could think of something. He reluctantly admitted that he had no good places lying around and said he would be glad to do something if an opening for Mr. Flory could be found.

Back From West Virginia. Senator Elkins, who has just returned from Charleston, where he and Mrs. Eikins gave a reception to the members of the West Virginia legislature, called on the President. The West Virginia offices that are to be filled will be made the subject of give the desired information.

future conferences. The President spent about six or eight months of the civil war at Charleston, and has many personal friends there who always ask Senator Elkins to present their remembrances to the President. Senator Elkins has received the President's hearty congratulations on his re-selection.

his re-election.

Representative Sperry of Connecticut saw the President for a few minutes in connection with the situation of affairs in the New Hebrides. Saloon in Topeka.

AFTER WILCOX'S SEAT.

Petition for Removal of Hawaii's Delegate Presented in House. Representative Tongue of Oregon pre- Slightly Injured by Being Struck sented to the House this afternoon a petition recently presented to the committee on elections praying the ousting of Delegate Wilcox of Hawaii from his seat. It has been decided that it was necessary to have the petition come to the House in order to give the committee jurisdiction.

Attorney Gear has in his possession a copy of a letter alleged to have been writ-ten by Wilcox in February, 1899, in which he asks if the Filipino delegates have been consulted in his behalf and referring to the Americans in Manila as carpet-bag politic-ians and Aguinaldo and his followers as men of high character.

SPECIAL ORDER ASKED. Mr. Mercer Wants a Day to Consider

District Building Bills. Mr. Mercer has introduced a resolution setting apart February 11 for the consideration in the House of the bills recently reported by the committee on public buildings and grounds.

This order will include the bill for the

municipal building and for the temple of justice.

Spanish War Veteran Granted Seventy-Two Dollars a Month. Pensions have recently been granted to

PENSIONS FOR DISTRICT RESIDENTS.

Original, Henry Rowan, \$6. Original widows, etc., Sallie D. Duke, \$8; Elizabeth Lackey, \$8; Emma J. Horine, \$8; Kate W. Moore, \$8. War with Spain, original, Alex. W. Brinck, \$12. Original, Nelson H. Miller, Anacostia, \$6. Increase, George L. Garrett, \$15. Reissue, Joseph Hooper, \$17,50. Original widows, special accd., January 7, Carrie Warren, \$8. War with Spain, original, Ernest Cralgwell, \$6. War with Spain, original, special December 24, Morris J. Walker, \$72. Increase, Samuel M. Smith \$12. War with Spain, original, Taylor L Gray, \$6; Richard E. Keenzer, \$6. Original, William H. Welch, \$6. Original widows, etc., Ella Rodman Ayres, \$20. War with Spain, original, Joseph Livers, \$24. Increase, Benjamin F. Wright, \$12. Original widows, etc., Laura G. Practor, \$8. Original widows, etc., Annie Craerin, \$8. Increase, William Palmer, \$12; Samuel Smith Original widows, etc., Bessie H. Lester, \$8. War with Spain, original, special January 16, Joseph A. Jennings, \$6. Original widows, etc., special acc., January 18, Mary C. Simmons, \$8. War with Spain, widows, etc., M. Janet Higley, \$17. Increase, George Niemann, Benning, \$12. Original widows, etc., Maria McCarthy; \$8; special accd., January 9, Harriet Butler, . Herard, 58. War with Spain, original inal, Charles Cruzan, \$6. Original, Richard C. Upperman, Mt. Pleasant, \$6. Mexican war widows, special accd., December 22, Anna C. Simonds, \$8. Increase, Richard Murray, \$14.

THE HAVANA DRY DOCK. Speculation Over What Spain Pro-

poses to Do With It. There has been considerable speculation as to what disposition is to be made of the big floating steel dry dock in Havana harbor, now that the offer for its sale by the government of Spain, to which it belongs, has been refused by the United States government, after its inspection by a naval board designated to pass upon the desirability of its purchase. It was thought probable that if Spain would materially lower the price of the dock its acquisition by the United States would follow, but it now appears that this government, having no present need for such a dock, does not desire to purchase at any figure. Should this government consider the big dock an obstacle in the harbor, it will be the part of the War Department to so inform the government of Spain, and request its removal on

No Further Army Legislation. No further legislation relating to the army is likely to be reported from the House committee on military affairs, which agreed today to suspend its regular meetings. It was decided also to report no more bills for the acquisition of property for national park purposes The effect of this is to leave unacted upon the projects for acquiring the Valley Forge camp ground of Washington

and the site at Yorktown, Va., where the British surrendered to Washington.

Further Asphalt Arguments The State Department has consented to a request from Messrs. W. Boardman Tracy and Platt of New York to be allowed to make arguments in addition to that already made in support of the claim of the New York and Bermudez Asphalt Company The hearing will take place some day next week, and it is expected that the Warner-Quinlan concessionaires will also be allowed an opportunity to be heard further.

Marine Corps Order. Capt. A. S. McLemore, on recruiting duty at San Francisco, has been ordered to command the marines at the naval training station, San Francisco, relieving Capt. E. R. Lowndes, who is granted three months leave of absence on account of sickness.

For a New Workhouse.

Mr. Chandler has given notice in the Senate of an amendment to the District appropriation bill proposing to appropriate \$100,-000 for the purchase of a spitable site in the District for a workhouse for males, \$50,000 for the erection of a building and \$20,000 for the construction of temporary frame structures to meet present institu

Sergeant-at-Arms Casson III. Mr. Henry Casson, sergeant-at-arms of the House, is confined to his room by an attack of grip. He was sitting up today, but is still too weak to attend the sessions of the House.

A Schedule for License Fees. The Senate today agreed to a resolution introduced by Mr. Kenney, directing the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to report to the Senate such a schedule of icense fees as in their opinion should be

professions, occupations and business en-terprises in the District of Columbia. No Jurisdiction Over Forto Rico. The Secretary of War yesterday made re-ply to the resolution of the Benate, adopted on the 20th ultimo, at the instance of Senator Jones of Arkansas, concerning privileges said to have been granted to the French Railway Company by the executive council of Porto Rico. In his reply the Secre-

MAKES AN EABLY MORNING RAID

With a Hatchet.

SHE IS ARRESTED AGAIN

TOPEKA, Kan., February 5.-Mrs. Carrie Nation launched her crusade against the 'joints" of this city early today and at the second place visited was injured slightly by a hatchet cut on the temple. Mrs. Nation arose at 4:30 a.m. and soon afterward started out on a tour of the "joints." Accompanied by Mrs. J. P. White and Miss Madelina Southard, she attempted to enter a place at 830 Kansas avenue. The man on duty was taken unawares, but managed to disarm Mrs. Nation and bolt the door before any of the party could enter. Mrs. Nation afterward said her friends held her and prevented her going in through the

The next place visited was 406 Kansas avenue. The women entered without meeting resistance, but a colored man quickly seized Mrs. Nation and took her hatchet. In the scuffle Mrs. Nation was struck on the right temple by the hatchet, but the blow did not disable her and she at once the following residents of the District of seized the hatchet carried by Mrs. White. She turned over two large slot machines and smashed the glass in front of each. A large refrigerator and the bar fixtures were quickly demolished. All the liquors behind the bar were spilled on the floor. With a hatchet Mrs. Nation knocked in the head of a barrel of beer. The beverage spouted out and completely drenched her.

Porter Fires His Pistol. At this juncture the colored porter fired his revolver into the ceiling to frighten

the outside. Policeman Graham was attracted to the place by the noise and escorted Mrs. Nation to the police station. Here Mrs. Nation and her little band of followers held a short praise service and lectured those in charge of the station.

Mrs. Nation's hearing for the disturbance

the crusaders and attract attention from

she created late yesterday afternoon, when she attempted to enter a "joint" on East 6th street, was called during the morning. After a brief hearing the charge against her was dismissed and she immediately began another round of the "speak-easies. Today's hearing, which resulted in a dismissal of the charge, was for an attempt to smash a saloon on East 6th street late yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Nation was booked as a "joint smasher" after her arrest this morning. special aced., January 9, Harriet Butler, The others were released. Mrs. Nation's Garfield, \$8. Original, special, January 10, hearing on today's arrest was set for Thursday, and charges riot" were preferred. She was released without bond.

Proclamation to Children.

Mrs. Nation today issued the following proclamation to the school children of Tooeka: "My precious little children: I send you greeting and ask you to help me destroy that which is on the streets and protected by the police and city officials to destroy you, my darlings. I want every one of you little ones to grab up a rock and smash the glass doors and windows of these hellholes. You will do your duty and enrollyour names on the pages of undying fame and place yourself on the side of God and

The saloon at 406 Kansas avenue wreck ed during Mrs. Nation's first round this morning, was one of the finest and most omplete in its equipments of any in the city. It was fitted up with a handsom cherry bar. A mirror at the end of the room was valued at \$500. Probably \$1,500 worth of property was destroyed in this

place alone. TRANSPORT WARREN ARRIVES.

Several Deaths Occurred on the Voyage From Manila. Gen. Shafter has notified the War Department of the arrival at San Francisco of the transport Warren with Col. Daggett, 14th Infantry; Majs. Penrose, surgeon, and Newbold, paymaster; Lieuts. Gibbs, Signal Corps, and Kochnour, 30th Infantry; four contract surgeons, twelve hospital corps men, eight enlisted men as guards, two retired officers, four furloughed soldiers, 455 sick soldiers, 100 remains of deceased sol-

The following casualties occurred during voyage: Private Charles Jurd, E, 32d Infantry, 1st ultimo, acute dysentery and chronic diarrhoea; Private W. W. Franklin, E, 25th Infantry, 2d ultimo, chronic dysentery; Private Grant Worley, E, 4th Cavalry, 2d ultimo, carbuncle on back; George O. Fox, discharged from E, 14th Infantry, 14th

ultimo, tuberculosis of lungs. SUICIDE OF SYDNEY EVERETT.

He Was Secretary of the United States Legation at Gautemala. A cablegram received here from United States Minister Hunter at Guatemala City, states that Sydney B. Everett, secretary and charge of the United States legation there, committed suicide yesterday by

that the act was committed in a temporary aberration of mind. Mr. Everett was appointed from Massachusetts, being a son of the former chief of the diplomatic bureau of the State Department. He was appointed to the consular service as consul to Batavia in May 1897, and was appointed to Guatemala City June 19 last. His parents are residents

Washington. ADMIRAL O'NEILL'S PLAN.

It Will Be Adopted in Construction of Five Battle Ships. The naval board on construction today finished its business of deciding the battery arrangement for the five battle ships recently contracted for, adopting Admiral O'Neill's plan of superposed turrets and twelve six-inch guns in broadside, the secondary batteries remaining as formerly.

Medical Examining Board. The Secretary of War has appointed a

board of medical officers, consisting of Colonel Alfred A. Woodhull, assistant surgeon general; Major Louis A. Le Garde, surgeon; levied and collected on the different trades, Captain William C. Borden, assistant sur-geon, and Captain Frank R. Keefer, assistant surgeon, to meet at the Army Medi-cal Museum, in this city, for examination corps of the army.

> Movements of Naval Vessels The battle ship Wisconsin was formally put in commission at San Francisco yeserday under the command of Capt. George C. Reiter.

The cruiser Philadelphia left Callao yesterday for Valparaiso. The Monongahela has left Barbadoes for Basse Terre. The torpedo boat Foote has arrived at New York.

HEARING IN FIGHT CASE THE DISTRICT BILL JEFFRIES-RUHLIN BOUT IN CINCIN-

NATI INVOLVED. State Officials Argue the Case for a

Permanent Injunction-Recess Taken.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, February 5.-A legal battle to determine whether or not the proposed fistic encounter between James Jeffries and Gus Ruhlin, set for February 15, in the Saengerfest Hall, is a prize fighttabooed by the laws of Ohio-or a boxing contest, permitted by the statutes, began at 10 a.m. today before Judge Hollister of the common pleas court.

So intense has become the feeling between the promoters of the fight, who are among the most substantial citizens and business men of the city, and the opponents, who comprise equally good citizens and business men, that the corridors of the court house were crowded long before ules, said the complaints that had been the hour set for the hearing and it was with difficulty that the principals, attorneys and reporters gained entrance to the court room.

Fight for Permanent Injunction. A permanent injunction restraining the principals, Jeffries and Ruhlin, from engaging in the contest proposed was the base of the arguments. The petition includes in its terms all who are in any way connected with promoting the enterprise, which the petition declares to be a public

In addition to members of the Saengerfest Athletic Club fight promoters many leading politicians were present. Ruhlin, Madden, Delaney, Martin and the others from the training quarters were the center of attraction to the dense crowd. There was much disappointment because Jeffries did not appear. Ruhlin was greeted by many in the court room. Sheriff Taylor, Prosecuting Attorney Hoffheimer and other officers were present

taking notes, although not connected with

the pending case.

Judge Hollister appeared at 10 a.m. and the case was called. The first hour was consumed by the attorneys on the question as to whether the case should be tried on its merits or for a temporary injunction onlq. Judge Peck held that the defense had not been able to include all the de-fendants or members of the Saengerfest Athletic Association in their answer. Attorney Sheets insisted on the case being heard on its merits, and the other answers filed later.

After arguments by Waldo, Warrington, Maxwell, Harmon and others, the hearing proceeded on its merits for a permanent

Hearing on Its Merits.

injunction, each side making statements of

the case to court in accordance with their petition and the answer, both of which documents were read. the answers of Jeffries and Ruhlin were then read, in which they swear they are on friendly terms and contemplate a boxing contest and not a prize fight. Copies of the correspondence and of the contracts be-tween the promoters and Manager W. A. contestants and their managers, and other documents

gerfest Athletic Club was the first witness and from him was secured a copy of the contract for the bout between Martin and Childs. He was questioned regarding nis negotiations and correspondence with W. A. Brady. E. G. Cook, representative of Brady, was then examined regarding the Martin-Childs contract. I. N. Miller, superintendent of the West-

ern Union Telegraph Company testified

that he had so far failed to make a contrac

were read to the court. Herman J. Whitte, attorney for the Saen-

for his wires in the hall during the proposed fight. Articles of incorporation of the Saengerfest Athletic Association were offered in evidence. Fenton Lawson, one of the directors, tes tified to the organization of the athletic association out of the old Saengerfest or-

WAR REVENUE BILL.

A recess was then taken.

ganization.

Amendment Relating to Tax on Clours Senator Platt of Connecticut today reported from the committee on finance two important amendments to the war revenue reduction bill. One of them relates to the tax on cigars and cigarettes and is reported as a new section. It reads as follows: "That on and after July 1, 1901, the tax on cigars weighing not more than three pounds per 1,000 shall be 18 cents per pound and on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per 1,000 and of wholesale value or price of not more than \$2 per 1,000 shall be 18 cents per pound; and the tax on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per 1,000 and of a wholesale value or price of more than \$2 per 1,000 shall be 36 cent per pound; and all such eigars and eigar-

per 1,000 shall for purposes of ation be held and considered as weighing three pounds."
The other amendment reported relates to the sale of products at exchanges and is to be inserted as a provision at the end of the second paragraph of schedule A of the law. It is as follows: "That no bill, memoranlum, agreement or other evidence of such sell, in case of products or merchandise actually delivered to and while in vessel, boat or car, and actually in course of transportation, shall be subject to this tax, pro-vided such memorandum or agreement shall be accompanied by bills of lading or vouchers showing that the said products are actually in course of transportation as

ettes weighing not more than three pounds

shooting himself in the mouth. He had suffered a long illness, and it is understood CARS ON MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE. Right Sought to Run Electric Line Its Entire Length.

Mr. Salmon of New Jersey has introduced bill in the House incorporating the Union Electric Construction Company, with the following incorporators: Edw. Schwabeuland, H. S. Tibbals and Paul Morris of Philadelphia, Augustus Davis, jr., of Virginia, A. S. Dulin of New Jersey and John S. Bonner of Washington.

The bill also authorizes the company to construct a railway in this city on the following route: From Massachusetts avenue and 19th street southeast, northwest along Massachusetts avenue to and across Rock Creek, over the bridge now being constructed: thence along Massachusetts avenue exthat road to the property of the Hearst Female Academy. The system used shall be the Purvis surface conduit electric system, now in use at Washington Park, N. J.

The company is authorized to issue its capital stock in amounts not to exceed the estimated cost of the construction and equipment of the road.

Personal Mention.

Dr. Melville A. Hays, who was recently appointed an acting assistant surgeon in the army, left here this morning en route to the Philippines for service. Dr. Hays graduated from the Business High School in the class of '96, and afterward attended Georgetown College. Since then he has been connected with the Washington Asylum Hospital. Maj. James Regan, 9th United States In-

fantry, who was so seriously wounded be-fcre Pekin, China, is at the United States army general hospital, Washington bar-

The Evening Star to the

only afternoon paper in

Washington that receives the disputches of the Asso-

ciated Press. It is there-

fore the only one in which

the reader can and the

complete news of the world, directly transmitted by telegraph, up to the moment of going to

Sectional Differences Over Streets and Roads Aired in Senate.

EAST SIDE OF ROCK CREEK VS. WEST

Objection Made to Authority to

String Overhead Wires. COMMENT AND CRITICISM

When the District of Columbia appropriation bill was again taken up by the Senate today Mr. Jones of Arkansas, reverting to his comment on the way appropriations are distributed for the street and road schedmade to him about these schedules were by people living between Rock creek and the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, who claimed that the population of that section was three and a half times as great as the population west of Rock creek, and that the value of property of the section between Rock creek and the railroad was six times as great as west of Rock creek, and the building improvements of the former during the last nine years was four times as great as in the latter section. Notwithstanding these facts the appropriations for the section west of Rock creek were greater than

Mr. Allison Explains.

they are between the creek and the rail-

Senator Allison said the schedules Mr. Jones referred to were within the cities of Washington and Georgetown. These schedules, as reported by the committee, provides more for the section east of North Capitol and South Capitol streets than for the city west of that dividing line, and Mr. Allison thought the division was a fair one. There had been more money expend-ed for county roads west of North Capitol than east of that street, for the reason that the development had been chiefly west of North Capitol street. He believed that Mr. Jones' criticism did not apply to the

schedule of streets.

Other Criticisms Made. When the appropriations for construction of county roads was reached Mr. Jones again renewed his comment concerning the criticism that less had been appropriated for the section east than that west of Rock creek. Mr. Jones said the memoranda given him by those who made the complaint referred to contained an item for an appropriation of \$100,000 for the bridging and improving 16th street. Mr. Allison said that the Commissioners and the Senate committee opposed the idea of further im-proving 16th street until that street has oeen opened throughout its entire length.
Mr. Jones said his informant told him that in nine years \$400,000 had been con-tributed by the section west of Rock creek the form of taxes, while appropriation for that section for street improvements and bridges had amounted to \$450,538. On

District in the form of taxes, while that section had received in that time only \$387,000 for street improvements and

the other hand, between Rock creek and

the Baltimore and Ohio railroad in nine

years \$1,800,000 had been secured by the

bridges. Mr. McMillan States Pacts. Mr. McMillan said more money had been expended east of Rock creek than in any other section, and 16th street and 11th street had been opened, and the District was now obliged to borrow money from the

national treasury because of that heavy expense involved. Mr. Allison said the damages for the opening of 16th street amounted to \$854,000, and he regarded them as excessive. He didn't doubt that the gentleman who had made the complaint was a good citizen, but, like other good citizens, he thought he was looking out to advance his interests. Mr. Jones concluded by saying he was not weil enough acquainted with the subject to suggest amendments in order to do justice to the land east of Rock creek, but he simoly called attention to that matter, in hope that before the District bill was disposed of the committee would properly adjust

The bill then went over until today. At 1 o'clock the presiding officer an-nounced that under the regular order the shipping bill would come before the Senate, but Mr. Allison moved that it be laid aside temporarily in order that the District bill might be disposed of. Mr. Jones objected to this motion and spoke against the plan of keeping the shipping bill before the Senate as the unfinished business. The District bill was again resumed.

Objection to Overhead Wires. Mr. Gallinger objected to committee amendments, which, he said, permitted overhead wires over more than a half of the District. He had worked on the District of Columbia committee in order to get rid of overhead wires and he didn't want to see legislation authorizing the stringing of more wires enacted. These amendments allowed the stringing of wires east of Rock creek and outside of the fire limits as well as on Brightwood avenue outside the city of Washington. He thought that matter should be dealt with by the committee on the District of Columbia and not on an appropriation bill, and for that reason he made the point of order that the ments were new legislation and should be excluded from the appropriation bill.

Mr. Allison replied that now outside the fire limits there could be no electric light wires strung, and the people could not have underground conduits. The amend-

and incandescent electric lighting outside of the fire limits. He did not want to antagonize the committee on the District of Columbia. Mr. Allen's Contention.

ments were to allow electric arc lighting

Mr. Allen of Nebraska said he thought the government should not light streets outside of the city limits. The general government should not pay any part of the cost of lighting streets outside of the city limits. He was in favor of having the government pay its share toward the expenses of the capital city, but he did not think there was a reason why it should pay to light the roads outside of the city limits.

Mr. Kenney of Delaware asked whether it was not a fact that the people outside

the old city limits did not pay their taxes as other people, and whether they were not equally entitled to the lighting of their Mr. Gallinger said what he said was his personal view, and was not intended to be the expression of the committee on the District of Columbia.

Mr. Clay of Georgia said the matter involved in the amendments was so important that it should be put in a separate bill. Mr. Gallinger began to speak further on his point of order when Mr. Jones of Arkansas suggested that a quorum of the Senate was not present. Amendments Ruled Out.

Mr. McComas spoke against the amend-

ments, and said further erection of poles

and the stringing of wires should be stop-

satisfied the amendments would act as & repeal of existing law. The president of the Senate decided that

the amendments were out of order.

Mr. Allison said he regretted that the people who live east of Rock creek have not the same opportunity to secure electric

ped in the District of Columbia. He was